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	NEWS 4	APR	04	STN AnaVist \$500 visualization usage credit offered				
	NEWS 5	MAY	10	CA/CAplus enhanced with 1900-1906 U.S. patent records				
		MAY		L				
	NEWS 7	MAY	19	Derwent World Patents Index to be reloaded and enhanced				
	NEWS 8	MAY	30	IPC 8 Rolled-up Core codes added to CA/CAplus and USPATFULL/USPAT2				
	NEWS 9	MAY	30	The F-Term thesaurus is now available in CA/CAplus				
	NEWS 10	JUN	02	The first reclassification of IPC codes now complete in INPADOC				
	NEWS 11	JUN	26	TULSA/TULSA2 reloaded and enhanced with new search and and display fields				
	NEWS 12	JUN	28	Price changes in full-text patent databases EPFULL and PCTFULL				
	NEWS 13							
	NEWS 14	JUl	14	FSTA enhanced with Japanese patents				
	NEWS 15							
	NEWS 16	AUG	09	INSPEC enhanced with 1898-1968 archive				
	NEWS EXP	RESS	MA	NE 30 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01b, CURRENT CINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), D CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 26 JUNE 2006.				
NEWS HOURS NEWS LOGIN NEWS IPC8 NEWS X25		We Fo	STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability Welcome Banner and News Items For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8 X.25 communication option no longer available					

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=> file req COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

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http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

=> caffeic acid/cn

FS

MF

3D CONCORD

C9 H8 O4

CAFFEIC IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system. For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>). => e caffeic acid/cn E1 1 CAFFEATE PEROXIDASE/CN E2 1 CAFFEDRINE/CN E3 1 --> CAFFEIC ACID/CN E4 1 CAFFEIC ACID 3,4-DIHYDROXYBENZYL ALCOHOL 4-GLUCOSIDE ESTER/C N E5 1 CAFFEIC ACID 3-(.BETA.-1-GLUCOSIDE)/CN E6 1 CAFFEIC ACID 3-0-.ALPHA.-GLUCOPYRANOSIDE/CN CAFFEIC ACID 3-O-METHYLTRANSFERASE/CN E7 1 E8 1 CAFFEIC ACID 3-O-METHYLTRANSFERASE; 41078-42528 (ARABIDOPSIS THALIANA CLONE T5M16 GENE T5M16.11)/CN E9 CAFFEIC ACID 3-O-METHYLTRANSFERASE; 46558-47944 (ARABIDOPSIS 1 THALIANA CLONE T5M16 GENE T5M16.12)/CN CAFFEIC ACID 4-.BETA.-GLUCOSIDE/CN E10 E11 CAFFEIC ACID 4-0-.ALPHA.-GLUCOPYRANOSIDE/CN 1 CAFFEIC ACID ACETATE POLYMER/CN E12 => s e3 L1 1 "CAFFEIC ACID"/CN => d 11ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L1RN 331-39-5 REGISTRY ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984 2-Propenoic acid, 3-(3,4-dihydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER CA INDEX NAMES: Cinnamic acid, 3,4-dihydroxy- (8CI) OTHER NAMES: CN 3,4-Dihydroxybenzeneacrylic acid CN 3,4-Dihydroxycinnamic acid CN 3-(3,4-Dihydroxyphenyl)-2-propenoic acid CN3-(3,4-Dihydroxyphenyl)propenoic acid CN 4-(2'-Carboxyvinyl)-1,2-dihydroxybenzene CN 4-(2-Carboxyethenyl)-1,2-dihydroxybenzene CN Caffeic acid CN NSC 57197 CN NSC 623438

CI COM

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS,
BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN,
CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA,
MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, PIRA, PROMT, PS, RTECS*, SPECINFO,
SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, ULIDAT, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**
(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

7001 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
405 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
7046 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
12 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

=> file ca, uspatfull, biosis COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 7.10 7.31

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 19:10:58 ON 15 AUG 2006
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CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 19:10:58 ON 15 AUG 2006 Copyright (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation

=> s 11 L2 9343 L1

=> s 11 and hypertension

L3 56 L1 AND HYPERTENSION

=> dup remove 13
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3
L4 55 DUP REMOVE L3 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)

=> d 14 40-55 bib,ab

L4 ANSWER 40 OF 55 USPATFULL on STN

Full Citing Text References

AN 2003:79175 USPATFULL

TI Utilization of achyrocline satureoides ("Marcela") extracts and liposomal preparations of natural and semi-synthetic flavonoids for the prevention and treatment of the consequences of stroke and neurodegenerative diseases

IN Heinzen, Horacio, Montevideo, URUGUAY
Dajas, Federico, Montevideo, URUGUAY
PI US 2003055103 A1 20030320
AI US 2002-190440 A1 20020703 (10)

PRAI UY 2001-26816 20010704

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP NEEDLE & ROSENBERG, P.C., The Candler Building, Suite 1200, 127
Peachtree Street, N.E., Atlanta, GA, 30303-1811

CLMN Number of Claims: 5 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 16 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1043

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Discovery of a neuroprotective effect in vivo of Achyrocline satureoides ("Marcela") extracts and of liposomal preparations of natural and semi-synthetic flavonoids structurally related to quercetin. This effect is obtained mainly through antiapoptotic mechanisms, complementary and different of the antioxidant actions of flavonoids. The compounds will be beneficial for the prevention and treatment of stroke and neurodegenerative and aging brain lesions. These benefits will be obtained by the administration of compositions comprising one or various compounds of general formula 1. The liposomal preparation of these compounds increases neuroprotection and will be the preferred application. ##STR1##

L4 ANSWER 41 OF 55 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Citing Text References

AN 136:221751 CA

TI Agents for preventing or treating hypertension

IN Suzuki, Atsushi; Ochiai, Ryuji; Tokimitsu, Ichiro

PA Kao Corporation, Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

11111	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
<u>PI</u>	EP 1186297	A2	20020313	EP 2001-121289	20010905
	EP 1186297	A3	20031217		
	R: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK	, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC, PT,
	IE, SI,	LT, LV, FI	, RO		
	JP 2002080355	A2	20020319	JP 2000-268100	20000905
	JP 2002080356	A2	20020319	<u>JP 2000-268101</u>	20000905
	JP 2002080381	A2	20020319	JP 2000-268102	20000905
	JP 2002080357	A2	20020319	JP 2000-268104	20000905
	US 2002054923	A1	20020509	US 2001-944079	20010904
	US 6991812	B2	20060131		
	JP 2002154977	A2	20020528	JP 2001-268728	20010905
	US 2004151790	A1	20040805	US_2003-626708	20030725
	US 2005281897	A1	20051222	US 2005-209672	20050824

A	20000905
Α	20000905
A	20000905
A	20000905
A	20000905
A3	20010904
	A A A

AB The invention relates to an agent for preventing or treating hypertension, and food for preventing hypertension. The agent does not become a burden in daily intake and has a higher antihypertensive effect and is useful as a diet during treatment for patients of hypertension. The agent contains the following components: a compd. selected from the group consisting of caffeic, chlorogenic, and ferulic acids, and esters and salts; and a component selected from the group consisting of central nervous system stimulating components, food fibers, exts. of perennial evergreen leaves of the genus Camellia, Theaceae, or Eucommia ulmoides, Eucommia, org. acids having a mol. wt. of 60 to 300 (excluding citric acid) and salts, and sugar alcs. Thus, a soft capsule formulation was prepd. from gelatin 70.0, glycerol 22.9, methylparaben 0.15, propylparaben 0.51, and water 6.44%. This was mixed with ferulic acid 50 and capsaicin 100 mg.

ANSWER 42 OF 55 USPATFULL on STN **T.4**

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Full
            Cunu
         References
   Text
       2002:105721 USPATFULL
ΑN
TI
       Agent for preventing, improving or treating hypertension
ΤN
       Suzuki, Atsushi, Haga-gun, JAPAN
       Ochiai, Ryuji, Haga-gun, JAPAN
       Tokimitsu, Ichiro, Haga-gun, JAPAN
PA
       Kao Corporation, Chuo-ku, JAPAN (non-U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 2002054923
                          A1
                                20020509
       US 6991812
                          B2
                                20060131
ΑI
       US 2001-944079
                          Α1
                                20010904 (9)
PRAI
       JP 2000-268101
                           20000905
       JP 2000-268103
                           20000905
       JP 2000-268102
                           20000905
       JP 2000-268104
                           20000905
       JP 2000-268100
                           20000905
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       OBLON SPIVAK MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT PC, FOURTH FLOOR, 1755
       JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY, ARLINGTON, VA, 22202
CLMN
      Number of Claims: 6
```

ECLExemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 800

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to an agent for preventing, improving or treating hypertension, which exhibits a hypotensive effect, inhibits the rise of blood pressure and improves hypertension, and food for preventing or improving hypertension, which does not become a burden in daily intake, has a higher antihypertensive effect and is useful as a diet during treatment for patients of hypertension. The agent for preventing, improving or treating hypertension contains the following components (A) and (B):

(A) a compound selected from the group consisting of caffeic acid, chlorogenic acid and ferulic acid, and esters and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; and

(B) a component selected from the group consisting of central nervous system stimulating components, food fibers, extracts of perennial evergreen leaves of the genus Camellia, Theaceae, or Eucommia ulmoides Oliver, Eucommiae, organic acids having a molecular weight of 60 to 300 (excluding citric acid) and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, and sugar alcohols.

ANSWER 43 OF 55 USPATFULL on STN L4

clang Full References Text 2002:98915 USPATFULL AN Compositions and methods for alleviating hypertension or preventing a TIrise in blood pressure Suzuki, Atsushi, Chuo-ku, JAPAN IN Ochiai, Ryuji, Chuo-ku, JAPAN Tokimitsu, Ichiro, Chuo-ku, JAPAN PA KAO CORPORATION, Chuo-ku, JAPAN, 103-8210 (non-U.S. corporation) PΙ US 2002051810 **A1** 20020502 US 2001-922694 ΑI **A1** 20010807 (9) JP 2000-238039 PRAI 20000807 DTUtility FS APPLICATION LREP OBLON SPIVAK MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT PC, FOURTH FLOOR, 1755 JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY, ARLINGTON, VA, 22202 CLMN Number of Claims: 19 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 463

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Products and compositions for preventing or reducing the severity of AB hypertension. These products contain (a) ferulic acid or a ferulate ester, and (b) caffeic acid and/or a chlorogenic acid. The preventive or remedy can suppress a rise in blood pressure and alleviate hypertension, and is usable as a food.

T.4 ANSWER 44 OF 55 USPATFULL on STN

Citing Full References AN 2002:54354 USPATFULL ΤI Method and pharmaceutical composition for inhibiting premature rapture of fetal membranes, ripening of uterine cervix and preterm labor in IN Leibovitz, Shamir, Tel Aviv, ISRAEL PIUS 2002031513 A1 20020314 US 2001-886114 ΑI **A1** 20010622 (9) RLI Division of Ser. No. <u>US 2000-554124</u>, filed on 9 May 2000, PENDING A 371 of International Ser. No. WO 1998-IL572, filed on 24 Nov 1998, UNKNOWN 19971124 PRAI IL 1997-122278 DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP SOL SHEINBEIN, c/o ANTHONY CASTORINA, SUITE 207, 2001 JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY, ARLINGTON, VA, 22202 CLMN Number of Claims: 14 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN

LN.CNT 2067

No Drawings

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A method and a pharmaceutical composition for inhibiting premature rapture of the fetal membranes, ripening of the uterine cervix and preterm labor of female mammals including human. The method includes the step of administering compounds for reversing at least two biochemical conditions being associated with the above processes. The pharmaceutical composition includes compounds for reversing at least two biochemical conditions being associated with the above processes.

L4 ANSWER 45 OF 55 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN



AN 137:257426 CA

- TI Green coffee bean extract and its metabolites have a hypotensive effect in spontaneously hypertensive rats
- AU Suzuki, Atsushi; Kagawa, Daiji; Ochiai, Ryuji; Tokimitsu, Ichiro; Saito, Ikuo
- CS Biological Science Laboratories, Kao Corp., Tochigi, 321-3497, Japan
- SO Hypertension Research (2002), 25(1), 99-107 CODEN: HRESE4; ISSN: 0916-9636
- PB Japanese Society of Hypertension
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The effects of a water-sol. green coffee bean ext. (GCE) on blood pressure were investigated using spontaneously hypertensive rats (SHR). There was a dose-dependent redn. in blood pressure after a single ingestion (180 to 720 mg/kg, p.o.) or long-term ingestion (0.25 to 1% diet for 6 wk) of GCE. A single oral ingestion (50 to 200 mg/kg) of 5-caffeoylquinic acid (5-CQA), the major component of GCE, dose-dependently decreased blood pressure, suggesting that 5-CQA is involved in the hypotensive effect of GCE in SHR. Because significant increases in caffeic acid (CA) or ferulic acid (FA) were detected in plasma after oral ingestion of 5-CQA in SHR, these acids (2.5, 5, 10 µmol/kg) were i.v. injected into SHR under anesthesia and the carotid arterial pressure was measured. Of the two components, FA had a stronger depressor effect than CA. The depressor effect of FA (50 mg/kg, p.o.) was attenuated by the concurrent injection of atropine sulfate (5 mg/kg, s.c.), suggesting that the hypotensive effect of FA in SHR might be mediated via the muscarinic acetylcholine receptors. These findings indicate that oral ingestion of GCE or 5-CQA decreases blood pressure in SHR, and that FA, which is a metabolite of 5-CQA, is a candidate hypotensive component.

RE.CNT 60 THERE ARE 60 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 46 OF 55 USPATFULL on STN

Full Citing Text References

AN 2001:168164 USPATFULL

- TI Association of no syntase inhibitors with trappers of oxygen reactive forms
- IN Chabrier de Lassauniere, Pierre-Etienne, Paris, France Bigg, Dennis, Gif-sur-Yvette, France
- PA Societe de Conseils de Recherches et d'Applications Scientifiques (S.C.R.A.S.), France (non-U.S. corporation)
- PI US 6297281 B1 20011002

WO 9809653 19980312

<u>AI</u> <u>US 1999-254254</u> 19990302 (9) WO 1997-FR1567 19970905

> 19990302 PCT 371 date 19990302 PCT 102(e) date

PRAI FR 1996-10875 19960906

DT Utility FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Weber, Jon P.; Assistant Examiner: Patten, Patricia

LREP Bierman, Muserlian and Lucas

CLMN Number of Claims: 4 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 495

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention concerns a pharmaceutical composition containing, as active principle, at least one NO syntase inhibiting substance and at least one oxygen reactive form trapping substance, optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable support. The invention also concerns a product containing at least one NO syntase inhibiting substance and at least one oxygen reactive form trapping substance as combined product of these active principles in separate form.

L4 ANSWER 47 OF 55 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN



AN 135:251676 CA

- TI The antihypertensive properties of danshen, the root of Salvia miltiorrhiza
- AU Yokozawa, Takako
- CS Institute of Natural Medicine, Toyama Medical and Pharmaceutical University, Toyama, 930-0194, Japan
- SO Medicinal and Aromatic Plants--Industrial Profiles (2000), 14(Sage), 193-205

CODEN: MAPPFL; ISSN: 1027-4502

- PB Harwood Academic Publishers
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The effect magnesium lithospermate B and other caffeic acid analogs isolated from Salviae Miltiorrhizae Radix on blood pressure was studied using rats with adenine-induced renal failure and hypertension, rats with sodium-induced hypertension and renal failure, and spontaneously hypertensive rats. A significant decrease in excretion of kallikrein along with the increase in blood pressure was obsd. in rats with adenine-induced renal failure. However, magnesium lithospermate B and lithospermic acid B, both having an antihypertensive action, induced a significant increase in kallikrein excretion. The depressor effect of magnesium lithospermate B resulted from direct action in the kidney. Oral administration of magnesium lithospermate B lowered the systolic, mean and diastolic blood pressures in hypertensive rats, in comparison with the progressive hypertension obsd. in untreated control animals. given with magnesium lithospermate B, urinary excretion of sodium, kallikrein, and prostaglandin E2 was increased significantly. magnesium lithospermate B is useful for treating hypertension.
- RE.CNT 52 THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 48 OF 55 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN



AN 128:248580 CA

- TI Association of NO synthase inhibitors with trappers of reactive oxygen species
- IN Chabrier De Lassauniere, Pierre-Etienne; Bigg, Denis
- PA Societe De Conseils De Recherches Et D'applications Scientifiques (S.C.R.A.S, Fr.
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.
 - CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent

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PI WO 9809653								MO 1997-FD1567					19970905					
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			GN,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG									
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		2174				C2			1020		RU 1						9970	
		2646				Е			0515		AT 1						9970	
	ES	2221	066			Т3		2004	1216		ES 1	997-	9401	83		1:	9970	905
		1288				A1		2005	0517		IL 1						9970	905
	US	6297				B1		2001	1002		US 1	999-	2542	54		1	9990	302
	NO	9901	100			Α		1999	0505		NO 1						9990	
PRAI	FR	1996	-108	7 <u>5</u>		Α		1996	0906									
	WO	1997	-FR1	<u> 567</u>		W		1997	0905									

The invention concerns a pharmaceutical compn. contg., as active AB principle, at least one NO synthase-inhibiting substance and at least one reactive oxygen-trapping substance, optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable support. The invention also concerns a product contg. at least one NO synthase-inhibiting substance and at least one reactive oxygen-trapping substance as combined product of these active principles in sep. form.

RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4ANSWER 49 OF 55 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

References

AN122:281822 CA

- TI Effects on blood pressure of caffeic acid analogs isolated from Salviae Miltiorrhizae Radix in rats with adenine-induced renal hypertension
- ΑU Yokozawa, Takako; Zhou, Jia Jun; Oura, Hikokichi; Tanaka, Takashi; Nonaka, Gen-Ichiro; Nishioka, Itsuo
- CS Research Institute for Wakan-Yaku, Toyama Medical and Pharmaceutical University, Toyama, 930-01, Japan
- SO Phytotherapy Research (1995), 9(2), 105-9 CODEN: PHYREH; ISSN: 0951-418X
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ The effects of caffeic acid analogs isolated from Salviae Miltiorrhizae Radix were examd. in rats with adenine-induced renal failure and hypertension. Systolic, mean and diastolic blood pressures were

decreased after magnesium lithospermate B administration. Oral administration of lithospermic acid B also decreased these blood pressure values even though the effects were weaker than those of magnesium lithospermate B. However, rats given lithospermic acid, rosmarinic acid or caffeic acid showed no appreciable changes in systolic, mean or diastolic blood pressure throughout the exptl. period. Urinary excretion of both kallikrein and sodium was increased significantly in rats given magnesium lithospermate B or lithospermic acid B.

L4 ANSWER 50 OF 55 USPATFULL on STN

Full Citing Text References

AN 93:104947 USPATFULL

TI Derivatives of tetrapeptides as CCK agonists

IN Shiosaki, Kazumi, Libertyville, IL, United States Nadzan, Alex M., Libertyville, IL, United States Kopecka, Hana, Vernon Hills, IL, United States

Shue, Youe-Kong, Vernon Hills, IL, United States Holladay, Mark W., Vernon Hills, IL, United States

Lin, Chun W., Wood Dale, IL, United States Nellans, Hugh N., Mundelein, IL, United States

PA Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL, United States (U.S. corporation)

<u>PI</u> <u>US 5270302</u> 19931214

AI US 1991-713010 19910617 (7)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. <u>US 1990-541230</u>, filed on 20 Jun 1990, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. <u>US 1989-5673</u>, filed on 18 Dec 1989 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. <u>US 1988-287955</u>, filed on 21 Dec 1988, now abandoned

DT Utility FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Lee, Lester L.

LREP Elder, Richard A., Crowley, Steven R., Weinstock, Steven F.

CLMN Number of Claims: 10 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 2 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 6175

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Selective and potent Type-A CCK receptor agonists of formula (I):

$$X - Y - Z - Q \tag{I}$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein,

X is selected from ##STR1## Y is selected from ##STR2## Z is ##STR3## and Q is ##STR4## or pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof, useful in the treatment of gastrointestinal disorders (including gallbladder disorders), central nervous system disorders, insulin-related disorders and pain, as well as in appetite regulation.

L4 ANSWER 51 OF 55 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Citing Text References

AN 118:240923 CA

TI Calcium antagonists containing phenols

IN Kubo, Masayoshi; Morita, Osamu; Sasaki, Hiroshi; Sato, Shunji

PA Tsumura and Co., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -------------------JP 04243822 A2 19920831 JP 1991-22643 19910124 PIPRAI JP 1991-22643 19910124

OS MARPAT 118:240923

AB Ca antagonists, for treatment of hypertension, angina pectoris, arrhythmia, brain circulatory diseases, etc., contain hesperidin, luteolin (derivs.) I (R1, R2 = H, glucosyl), caffeic acid, rosmarinic acid (mono-Me ester) II (R3 = H, Me), or schizotenuin A (III) as active ingredients. Flowers (9.9 kg) of Schizonepeta tenuifolia Briq. were extd. with MeOH and the ext. was processed to isolate hesperidin 186, luteolin 47, luteolin 7-O-β-D-glucopyranoside 175, caffeic acid 473, rosmarinic acid 1610, rosmarinic acid mono-Me ester 28, and III 573 mg. II inhibited nitrendipine binding with rabbit skeletal muscle membrane proteins with IC50 of 1.2 x 10-6 M. Corn starch 44, cryst. cellulose 40, CMC-Ca 5, light SiO2 0.5, Mg stearate 0.5, and hesperidin 10 g were mixed and made into granules.

L4 ANSWER 52 OF 55 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Citing Text References

AN 115:183950 CA

- TI Preparation of amino acid conjugates as renal-selective prodrugs for the treatment of hypertension
- IN Reitz, David B.; Koepke, John P.; Blaine, Edward H.; Schuh, Joseph R.;
 Manning, Robert E.; Smits, Glenn J.
- PA G.D. Searle and Co., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 459 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

FAN.CNT 1									
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE					
PI	WO 9101724	A1 19910221	WO 1990-US4168	19900725					
	W: CA, JP, KR,	US							
	RW: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, IT, LU, NL, SE						
		· ·	EP 1990-912307	19900725					
	R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE						
	JP 04506967	T2 19921203	JP 1990-511397	19900725					
	WO 9201667	A1 19920206	WO 1991-US611	19910128					
	W: CA, JP, KR,	US							
	RW: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LU, NL, SE						
	US 2003220521	A1 20031127	US 2002-151211	20020520					
	US 2004101523	A1 20040527	US 2003-689919	20031020					
PRAI	US 1989-386527	A2 19890727							
	WO 1990-US4168	W 19900725							
	US 1994-280170	B1 19940725							
	US 1996-639493	B1 19960429							
	US 1999-444888	B1 19991122							
	US 2000-678015	A1 20001002							
	US 2002-151211	B1 20020520							
00	MADDAM 115 103050								

OS MARPAT 115:183950

AB Title compds., conjugates comprising a 1st residue and a 2nd residue connected by a cleavable bond, wherein the 1st residue is an inhibitor of the biosynthesis of an adrenergic neurotransmitter and the 2nd residue is cleaved by an enzyme located predominantly in the kidney, are prepd.

5-[(5-Butyl-2-pyridinyl)carbonyl]-L-glutamic acid hydrazide (prepn. given) in MeCN/H2O was treated with 2 equiv of 1M K2CO3 followed by Ac2O and

K2CO3 to give the L-glutamic hydrazide I. In spontaneously hypertensive rats, I at 8 mg/h lowered blood pressure from 146 to 122 mm Hg on day 1 and to 115 mm Hg on day 5. Addnl. compds. were prepd. and tested. A large no. of compds. are claimed.

L4 ANSWER 53 OF 55 USPATFULL on STN

Full Citing Text References

AN 89:82616 USPATFULL

TI Process and pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of glaucoma

IN Bonne, Claude, Montpellier, France

Coquelet, Claude, St Gely Du Fest, France Latour, Elisabeth, Montpellier, France

PA Laboratories Chauvin, Montpellier, France (non-U.S. corporation)

<u>PI US 4871742</u> 19891003

<u>AI</u> <u>US 1987-128579</u> 19871204 (7)

PRAI FR 1986-17430 19861212

DT Utility FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Robinson, Douglas W.; Assistant Examiner: Fay, Zohreh

LREP Wegner & Bretschneider

CLMN Number of Claims: 6 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 110

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to a process for the treatment of glaucoma comprising administering to a human in need thereof an effective amount of a compound selected from the inhibitors of xanthine-oxidase.

L4 ANSWER 54 OF 55 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on

Full Citing Text References

STN

AN 1979:124325 BIOSIS

DN PREV197967004325; BA67:4325

TI COFFEE AND HEALTH.

AU CZOK G [Reprint author]

CS PHARMAKOL INST, UNIV HAMB, MARTINISTR 52, D-2000 HAMBURG 20, W GER

SO Zeitschrift fuer Ernaehrungswissenschaft, (1978) Vol. 16, No. 4, pp. 248-255.

CODEN: ZERNAL. ISSN: 0044-264X.

DT Article

FS BA

LA GERMAN

Coffee stimulates the CNS, heart and circulation [in man], mainly by AB caffeine. In certain cases coffee may also have a sedative effect, and sometimes it is even useful for falling asleep quickly. Coffee may be advantageous in the treatment of some functional disorders caused by A lacking of dopamine, because coffee is able to increase dopamine formation in the brain. With regard to the effects of coffee in the gastrointestinal tract and liver-bile system, caffeine is only of secondary importance. Certain roasting substances, possibly also chlorogenic acid or caffeic acid, probably are responsible for the stimulating effects observed in these organs. These stimulating effects could be caused, directly or indirectly, by the liberation of gastrin or other gastrointestinal hormones. Niacin, formed from trigonelline during the roasting process, may be important from the nutritional standpoint. Coffee may be prescribed as a true drug in cases of niacin deficiency or in pellagra. From extensive epidemiological studies there seems to be no

correlation between coffee consumption and certain risk factors in hypertension, heart infarction, diabetes, gout or cancer. There was no evidence that coffee or its caffeine content are able to induce genetic alterations or even malformations.

L4 ANSWER 55 OF 55 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on



STN

- AN 1977:139800 BIOSIS
- DN PREV197763034664; BA63:34664
- TI DEHYDRO DI CAFFEIC-ACID DI LACTONE AN INHIBITOR OF CATECHOL-O-METHYL TRANSFERASE.
- AU KUMADA Y; NAGANAWA H; IINUMA H; MATSUZAKI M; TAKEUCHI T; UMEZAWA H
- SO Journal of Antibiotics (Tokyo), (1976) Vol. 29, No. 9, pp. 882-889. CODEN: JANTAJ. ISSN: 0021-8820.
- DT Article
- FS BA
- LA Unavailable
- AB In the screening of catechol-O-methyltransferase inhibitors, 3 compounds were isolated from the culture filtrate of a mushroom, Inonotus sp. One was 3,4-dihydroxycinnamic acid (caffeic acid) which was reported as an inhibitor of this enzyme. The others were the d-2,6-bis-(3',4'-dihydroxyphenyl)-3,7-dioxabicyclo-[3,3,0]-octane 4,8-dione (dehydrodicaffeic acid dilactone) and its antipode. These new compounds inhibited both dopamine β -hydroxylase and dopa decarboxylase and showed hypotensive activity in the spontaneously hypertensive rat.

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